

Foreign and Colonial

Wm. J. Davidson having declined to

Arrival of the Asia.
New York, October 31
The Asia arrived at nine this morning, with Liverpool dates to 15th. Her news political-ly is unimportant.
The Washington arrived at Southampton this morning. The date of her arrival is not known.

The following is from Maxwell's Circular:—
 "A change of wind has brought up large supplies of wheat, flour and corn from America. The weather has been stormy, and the sea rough."

gracious complaints from the north of damages done to the outstanding crops. Wheat 24 bushel under extreme price of last week; new American red sold at 9s. 9s. 6d; white 10s. 3d. to 10s. 8d; old red 8s. 6d. to 9s. 6d; white 8s. 10d. to 10s. 7d; Flour of fine quality was held for an advance of 1s. to 1s. 2d. per bu., while the checked sale. Western cake 31s. 6d. a

33s 6d, Baltimore and Philadelphia 31s a 35s 6d, Canadian 38s a 40s per brl. Indian corn is active request at an advance of 1s per quarter; prime mixed brings 31s 3d a 24s yellow 31s 6d a 35s, and white from 31s 6d to 35s 6d per 490 lbs¹

Richards on, Spence & Co. say: "At today's market there was little business done in wheat

and although we do not alter our quotations where sales were made, a reduction of 2½ p. bushel was accepted to induce dealers to buy in quantity, and a still further decline would have to be accepted; flour was also rather slow at last Thursday's rate. Indian corn is some speculative buying, and an advance of 6d a ls per quarter has been established on the

The Bank of England has adopted further restrictive measures, and refuses altogether to make advances on Government securities, excepting Exchequer bills. The country re-

Detailed accounts of the change in the Spanish Ministry are not yet to hand, further than the official announcement that there is a political crisis, and that the Queen made the change from O'Donnell to Narvaez, solely on personal grounds.

Not much difference in the Neapolitan dialects. It was the general opinion that

The English squadron has sailed by order from Ajaccio, destination supposed to be Malta.

It is stated that in consequence of the growing importance of European complications, the Congress of Paris will consist of the first and not second Plenipotentiaries, and that the Congress will meet soon.

Count Walewski has issued a circular in reply to the recent Russian one.

Denmark is without a Ministry, attempts to form a Coalition Cabinet having failed.

LATEST.

Rumours prevail that both the French and English fleets have orders to approach Naples, and that suspicions are awakened at Vienna, that Russia and France are negotiating a secret alliance. Free Trade is postponed in France till first July, 1861.

ey. 911 a 911, for account.
BREADSTUFFS steady.
SUGARS active at 15 a 16 Galvaner.
The Queen of Spain has revoked the con-
stitution of 1845; and re-established the A-
cient Regime.
Liverpool, October 18th

WHEAT and FLOUR quiet. Corn selling at full rates. Provisions unchanged. Amongst the passengers by the *Alia* Sir Allan McNab and Lady Agnes McNab.

Tuesday last, a meeting of the reformers of the township of Rapilly was held in the Town Hall. There was a respectable attendance, and a series of resolutions was passed, condemning the Ministry. The meeting was addressed by R. Bell Esq., the member for North Lark, W. M. Shaw, Esq., and C. Rice Esq., Editor of the *Chronicle*. The meeting

PENNSYLVANIA.—It is said that the gro-
frags committed at the recent election in this
delphia will be thoroughly investigated, if
people being by no means willing to submit
such an imposition as they believe to have been
committed. They are very naturally dis-
elined to believe that the election was ac-
last, from 55,000 votes, to 48,000 in Octo-
ber.

of either natural or honest, but, for the
come out.

New Advertisements.

Building Lots in Collingwood—D. Reesor.
Art of Incorporation.
Newmarket Hotel—M. Zeller.
Mill Castings for Sale—T. W. Tyson.
Furniture—Boyd & Conolly.
For Sale—Wm. Wetherell.
Dentistry—R. Moore.
Wanted—A School Teacher.
Irish and Scotch Whiskey—J. C. Griffith & Co.
Daguerrean Car for Sale.
Fish—W. A. Clark.

The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday, Nov. 7th, 1856.

General Summary.

Mr. J. Davidson having determined to engage in another branch of business, announces in our advertising columns to-day, that he will sell by auction the whole of his well-assorted stock of goods. The sale commences on Wednesday evening, the 13th inst.—See Advertisement.

Prof. Bachrick's Concert came off at the Court House, on Wednesday Evening last, the 5th inst., with great success. Every piece was received with applause, and many of them called for a second time. From the encouragement received on this occasion, we may reasonably expect another entertainment about the holidays.

The attention of our readers is directed to an advertisement from Mr. D. Reesor, announcing a great sale of Building Lots in Collingwood, which takes place in Newmarket on Saturday, the 15th inst. Collingwood is now rapidly rising in importance, and the present opportunity affords a rare chance to make purchases.

We regret to learn that while Mr. J. D. Phillips, was returning from Newmarket to his residence on Saturday last the 1st inst., his horse took fright and overturned his carriage—breaking Mr. Phillips' arm in the 5th. The limb was immediately dressed, and we have since learned is doing well.

The attention of our readers in East Gwillimbury is directed to an advertisement in to-day's issue giving notice of a public meeting to be held in Sharon on Saturday next, (to-morrow,) the 8th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., to ascertain the mind and will of the people in reference to the appropriation of the Reserve grant.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—A Member of the "Oak Leaf Club," will have a hearing next week. All right.

Several parties, of late, have sent letters to this office, requesting us to notice some movement, insert a marriage, or ask some information to be given publicly, without furnishing their real name, signing themselves "a subscriber," "a friend," or adopting some other euphemism. Now, to all such, we say, send us your real name or no notice will be taken. You may be friends; but if so, it is a libel on your professions not to give us to understand who you are. We hope this notice will be sufficient for all time to come.

We have been requested to state that Mr. SEYMOUR has been appointed to collect and receive subscriptions towards assisting Dr. Ford in rebuilding his Steam Mills, which were destroyed by fire in January last. Mr. Seymour will soon call upon those parties who have already subscribed, for the amount of their subscriptions, and will give others who have not done so, an opportunity of contributing. We are pleased to see that Dr. Ford has raised the frame of his new Steam Mill, and that he is prosecuting the work with all the energy which will ensure its speedy completion. Every additional manufacturing establishment in the locality tends to concentrate trade, and adds to the importance of the place. We hope, therefore Mr. Seymour will meet with a ready response to his call.

King Township Council.

The above Council met at Mr. Hulst's Inn, Kettleby road on Monday last, the 3rd inst. All the Councillors present—the Reeve in the Chair.

Dr. Bull presented a petition from T. McNeil and others, praying for a new survey across the tenth Concession between Lots No. 15 and 16.

Mr. Gabriel Wells presented a petition from Caleb McWilliams, an indigent and infirm old man, praying for aid.

Dr. Bull presented a petition from the Trustees of School Section No. 16, praying the Council to levy taxes to the amount of £30, to pay balance of teacher's salary, and make certain repairs to the School House.

Several reports from different Road Commissioners were then presented, stating that the moneys appropriated by the Council had been expended, either all or in part.

On motion of Dr. Bull, the Council then went into Committee of the Whole on Petitions.—Mr. Wm. Wells in the Chair.

The petition of T. McNeil and others was the first taken up.

The Reeve said from the wording of the Petition, the people only asked for advice.

Dr. Bull said, they intended the Council to send on a Surveyor; and he thought this would be the only way of settling the difficulty.

The present road, according to the last survey was altogether on private property, and the owners would very shortly be closing it up.

Mr. G. Wells said, by sending on the Township Surveyor it would give more satisfaction, and as he had the bearing of the Township, it would be less expensive than to employ another surveyor.

On motion of Dr. Bull, seconded by Mr. Snider, the Clerk was instructed to confer with the Township Surveyor, and request him to run the line immediately.

The petition of Caleb McWilliams was then taken into consideration.

The Reeve said the Council had no authority to tax the people for such a purpose unless

a majority of the electors signed the petition; but considering the helplessness of his condition he was willing to render some assistance.

Mr. G. Wells said, the man was now 85 years of age, and in quite a helpless condition. He thought the Council should do something. The People in the section of country in which he now resided had supported him for years, and he thought the whole Township should do a part. He would therefore move, seconded by Mr. Snider, that the sum of £5 be granted, out of the surplus funds of the Township, to Mr. John Wells, for the relief of the said Caleb McWilliams.—Carried.

In the matter of petition from School Trustees of Section No. 16, on motion of Mr. Snider, seconded by Mr. Wells, was referred back to the petitioners, in consequence of being too late—the Collector's Roll having been completed.

The Committee then rose and reported the resolutions above adopted, which were received and confirmed.

The Council then took up the reports from the various Commissioners, which were read and adopted.

Dr. Bull introduced a By-Law altering and establishing a portion of the highway between Kettleby and Lloydtown, through the 5th and 6th Concessions, in accordance with a new survey, straightening the road.

The By-Law passed through its various stages and was adopted.

The Reeve then read a communication from Mr. Isaac Dennis on the probable cost of making a good road along the 4th Concession. This led to a general discussion in reference to the appropriation of the moneys received by the Township from the Reserve Fund.

Mr. G. Wells said in reference to the 5th line, the road could be proceeded with better in the winter than summer; and as there was abundance of gravel along the line, the expense of building the road would not be very great. There was only one bill of consequence, and by diverging from the main line a short distance, it would be avoided. He thought by opening this line, the Council would confer a general benefit.

Mr. Wm. Wells said he had thought a good deal about the subject; but so far, he had not arrived at a satisfactory conclusion. All wanted good roads—and each wanted them at their own doors. He would like to hear the subject discussed. So far as he was concerned, he would like to have them raise money on debentures and make several roads through the Township; but this the people would not agree to.

The Reeve said, the matter was of considerable importance, and thought the Council should take great pains in dealing with the matter. He was not in favor of coming to a hasty conclusion.

Dr. Bull said we could not borrow money on the credit of the Township to build any road without an appeal to the people,—and he was satisfied they would never agree to any such thing. He believed there was great necessity for building a good road along the 9th line to Nobleton, thence across to King station. This would benefit a large portion of the Township. He however, favored the surveying of two lines of roads, to see which could be built the cheapest. The Council would then have some data—facts on which to make calculations as it was, they were working in the dark.

Mr. Wm. Wells said he also thought the idea of having the lines of road surveyed a good one, and would support a motion of that kind. He was satisfied that if a Joint Stock Company could be formed to build the 9th line down to Nobleton,—thence to King Station, it would be profitable stock, and thought the Council should take stock in it; and if built along the 4th in the same way, they could also take stock in it.

[Just here the Council, for a moment, were prevented from going on with the business, by the general discussion of the matter, by parties from various parts of the Township, advocating rival interests. Finally, the Reeve called "order," and the Council proceeded.]

Dr. Bull moved, seconded by Mr. William Wells, "That the Clerk be instructed to employ a competent engineer to survey two leading Roads—one running along the 9th line down to Nobleton; the other from Watson's corners to Nobleton, thence to King Station; the other from Watson's corners along the Lloydtown and Kettleby road east to the 4th Concession, thence south to King Station, in order to ascertain the probable cost of their construction.

Mr. Snider said he thought the Council would give more general satisfaction by dividing the moneys between the several Wards, and allow the people to apply it where they chose. If two or three Wards then thought proper to join their dividends together and expend it upon any one leading road they could do so.

Mr. G. Wells coincided with Mr. Snider. He thought the people would be much better satisfied by dividing the Fund among the various Wards. He had no objection to the survey being made, however; for whether the roads were constructed or not, the estimates would be of value to the Council.

The resolution was then adopted.

Dr. Bull introduced a By-Law fixing the localities where the polling shall take place in the various Wards at the next Municipal Election, and appointing Returning Officers, which was then read a first time.

The Council then resolved itself into Committee, of the whole on the By-Law, which was adopted without amendment, and then rose and reported to the Council.

The By-Law was immediately read a third

time and adopted. The places at which the elections will be held, and the names of the Returning Officers are as follows:

1st Ward—Dennis' Inn, King Station, David Johnson, returning officer.
2nd Ward—Stokes Mill, Joseph Wool, returning officer.
3rd Ward—Hodge's Inn, Kettleby Road, Calvin Davis, returning officer.
4th Ward—Holt's Inn, John Graham returning officer.
5th Ward—Mr. Stead's, Lloydtown, Thos. Beaton, returning officer.

On motion of Dr. Bull, seconded by Mr. Snider the Council then adjourned till Saturday, the 27th of December next, to meet at the Temperance Hall, Kettleby.

The Fifth of November.

The anniversary of the Gunpowder Plot was celebrated in Newmarket, with considerable display, on the 5th inst., the first of the kind ever attempted. The members of the Orange Lodges in this District began to congregate about 11 o'clock a. m., and shortly after proceeded in procession from Hawk's Hotel to the English Church, where an excellent and impressive discourse was delivered by Rev. S. F. Ramsay. After service, the whole body, numbering about 200, marched in procession, headed by the Holland Landing Brass Band, through the Town to the Eagle Hotel, where the company sat down to a first-rate dinner, which, to all appearance was enjoyed amazingly.

After the removal of the cloth, Mr. McClure, the District Master, said as the company had all been bountifully supplied with temporal comforts, he thought it a great pity to allow so favorable an opportunity to pass without improving it to the benefit of Orangeism. And as they had a visitor to-day from Kingston belonging to the Grand Lodge one of the Deputy Grand Secretaries, he would call upon him for a speech.

Mr. Thos. Robinson rose amid loud applause. He said that being called upon so unexpectedly, it fell upon him like a clap of thunder; and after the very able and learned discourse they had heard this day, he felt incompetent to advance anything towards its improvement. As Mr. McClure had remarked, he found himself unexpectedly amongst them; but he was glad to hear there had been a procession this day where there never was one before. (Cheers.) He was glad to see so many yeomanry present. It bespoke their intelligence, and gave the public at a distance an index of the character of the people. Orangeism in British North America now numbered about 80,000; and by united effort they might accomplish a great deal. After referring to the opening of a Lodge, a few years ago, in Hodge's Hollow, and also to the progress it had made he sat down amid loud applause.

Mr. McClure next introduced Mr. Robert Moore to the assembly, in a very happy manner.

Mr. Moore said he was proud to say he was a member of the institution; but he had never been in the habit of addressing an assembly, and as he had not given one thought of having to do so, he felt quite unprepared to interest them. To defend a cause such as they had met this day to commemorate, was altogether different from making a speech to a mixed assembly. The gentlemen on his left had received a very gratifying fact, that Orangemen numbered 80,000. And should this number prove true and loyal to the principles of the order, much good might be accomplished. The speaker then referred to the course Orangemen should pursue with regard to the School Question, and also that of Representation by Population. With regard to the former, Bishop Charbonnell; and by contending for the latter their own cause would be advanced. The speaker concluded amid applause.

Mr. McClure next introduced Mr. Wm Reid to the meeting.

Mr. Reid said he felt astonished at being so unexpectedly called upon; but he would say this much, he felt heartily in this cause, and was pleased at the success that had crowned their efforts. (Cheers.)

Mr. Bowman was next called upon. He said he felt it impossible for him to make any announcement to what had already been advanced. They all knew his sentiments. (Cheers.) Mr. J. Walton was next called upon to address the assembly. After a few introductory remarks he said he always felt willing to do the best he could on all occasions to advance the interests of the Order. Not one present to-day but must have reflected on the events that they had been called upon to commemorate. We have heard something about the doings in Italy; and we ought to come nearer home. It was his candid opinion that there would soon be a great struggle on this continent. This day the order might have numbered twice 80,000 in British America, had every Orangeman done his duty. Recently we had had an instance of papal tyranny, when Bishop Charbonnell, denounced public men from the altar of his church, because they conscientiously resisted his demand. What would be the result if he had the power? (Hear, hear.) He (Bishop C.) even now refuses to have Roman Catholics placed upon the same footing, with Protestants, in school matters, and he thought it time that Orangemen came more alive to their own interests. He concluded amid applause.

Mr. Jackson was next called upon, and made a few remarks.

Mr. McClure said he could not allow them to disperse without a remark or two. It was a strange and yet a pleasing fact to know, that in this district where twelve months ago there was not an Orange Lodge, they now had six; and it was encouraging to see the progress these Lodges had made. He was pleased at the unanimity and kindly feelings manifested to-day. Orangemen did not hate papists, because they were papists; but they hated their religious tenets, because they were erroneous. He then called for three cheers for the Host and Hostesses,—three for the memory of King William, and three for the Queen. The assembly then separated about 5 p. m.

Town Line East.

At a Public Meeting held on the 18th ult., in the School House on Lot No. 1, in the 8th Con. of East Gwillimbury, it was determined

by the inhabitants interested, on having the Town Line East from Newmarket opened for public travel—it being the shortest route for the people along the line and also of a portion residing in Scott and Uxbridge, to reach the Newmarket Depot.

The principal objection to the road are two large bills in the 7th Concession; but it has been estimated that £100 would make the whole line quite passable, with the extra work already agreed to be given.

From a Report presented by the late Commissioners, it appears 117 days work have already been done, with the money collected some time ago, upon this line, and 93½ on the east part of the 7th Con. leading thereto.

The following gentlemen were elected new Commissioners to collect money, and see that it was properly expended: Samuel Lundy and Robert Readhead, in Whitechurch, and Isaac Rose, John Graham and Allan Graham, in East Gwillimbury.

We hope the Commissioners will at once set about their work, in order that the line may be opened for winter traffic. And while it will add to the value of the property along the line, it will very much shorten the distance between the Newmarket Station and the people of a portion of Birchard-town and the Township of Scott. We like to hear of such improvements, as it speaks much for the enterprise and capabilities of the inhabitants. Let the work go forward.

Great Western Road Company.

Pursuant to notice given, a large and respectable meeting was held in the Court house Newmarket, on Saturday last, the 1st inst., to receive the Engineer's Report of the probable cost of constructing a Gravel Road from Newmarket along the Town Line West to the Two Oak Trees—a distance of ten miles. The meeting organized by calling R. H. Smith Esq. to the Chair and appointing Mr. E. Jackson secretary.

From the Engineer's report we learn that the Road is estimated to cost above £3,000—upwards of £4,000 of which was subscribed in the shape of Stock. There is every prospect of the Road being proceeded with at no distant day—many large Stockholders signifying their readiness to double their shares if necessary. In a word, the meeting realized our most sanguine expectations. An extra effort on the part of those interested, and the work becomes a reality.

There is one fact connected with this matter to which we have been requested to call attention,—and that is in reference to the manner in which the money subscribed will have to be paid. According to the statute regulating these payments, the principal will have to be paid in instalments of so much per centage upon the amount subscribed, not to exceed ten per cent. at any one call—and these calls not to make oftener than once a month. In all probability the calls will be made once in two months, of from six to ten per cent., as the work proceeds. And should the Road cost less than the estimate given it will be an much the better for the Stockholders.

As near as we can learn, so soon as £5,000 are subscribed, a meeting of the Stockholders will be held and Directors chosen,—after which, the work will be immediately commenced.

The Forest City.

As COLLINGWOOD is sometimes called, in consequence of its rising so suddenly out of the Wilderness, is acknowledged on all hands, to be the most rapidly growing Town in Canada, and, with few exceptions, it is unequalled by any in the United States. The number of its inhabitants has doubled during the last year, and Buildings are going up in every direction.

A Company has been formed to construct a line of Ten Iron Steamers to trade with Chicago, Superior, and other Cities on the margin of the great Lakes, and the building of these Boats, it is understood, is to commence next season at Collingwood. The immense Hudson's Bay Territory, and all that portion of Canada north of Lake Huron, will soon be brought into the market for settlement, and Collingwood, being the nearest point by which the Upper Lakes can be connected with Lake Ontario, is sure to be in a very few years one of the principal Cities in North America.

That Canadians are not alone in regarding Collingwood as the great entrepot of the vast and increasing trade of the West and North-west may be understood from the tone of the American Press.

The New York Courier and Enquirer says: "The Collingwood Route is certainly established as the shortest between this city (New York) and Chicago, and one of the most liable."

The Oregon Times thinks that "before twenty years elapse, Collingwood may rival Buffalo in trade and population."

The Chicago Papers agree unanimously that the Collingwood Route affords the natural channel through which their trade to the seaboard must mainly pass, and that it never can be superseded by any other route, because Collingwood is the nearest point by which the Upper Lakes can be connected with Lake Ontario.

Correspondence.

We wish to be distinctly understood that we are not responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

[For the New Era.]

California Correspondence.

Calaveras County,

California, Oct. 4th, 1856.

Dear Era!—As all California has obeyed the sovereign voice of the people, by "crying up," for more than half a year past, you must expect no more from me than an epistle in general consonance with our parched climate: Not even a stray shake of the ago, or a cholera cress, interposes to relieve the dreary monotony of good health, which all are forced to enjoy. We have nothing here in the dying line, but the time-honored demises to which we have long become accustomed—to wit—drowning,

shooting, and stabbing, interlarded with hanging, and delirium tremens. But certes! in the aggregate I believe the section's report will bear a good average with any nation on the earth, we have so many ingenious methods of shuffling the coil off, without the tiresome, old foggy system of organic disease, or worse still old age.

Highway robbery is going on swimmingly, and it is just now, a matter of extreme peril, to venture alone, on some of the most public roads of the state. Two murders were committed in this neighborhood, last week, without calling forth any peculiar attention, but as the perpetrators, by the aid of former impunity made no effort to fly, they were valiantly secured by the authority, and as they are both possessed with a goodly show of "vile trash," they will of course be acquitted by the plastic judge and jury the ensuing term, for the vigilance committee having long since disbanded, things are again taking their usual democratic course.

The presidential election now occupies all the time of bar-room loafers and office-seekers but it is, as yet a difficult problem, to determine in what manner California will demean herself in the ensuing struggle. The "law and order" party, I judge, the opponents, to the action of the vigilance committee, are to a man supporters of Buck and Breck, and as they combine all the rogues—loafers and shoulderstrickers of the state in their ranks, their party is very respectable, (in numbers I mean.) Add to these, all the believers in the milder forms of piracy—slavery extension—manifest destiny &c. who are constantly joining their party—and you make up a combination not overly unamiable if it is true, but one that bids fair under present circumstances to carry the state.

The Christian—unfortunate Southern M. Herbert, Keatings' murderer—and of course a supporter of "old blood"—arrived in San Francisco by the last steamer, without any particular invitation. He was forthwith waited on by a committee representing 2,000 citizens of the Bay City, deliberately inviting him to deprive California of his presence and patronage. Nevertheless his heroic action still echos in him in the hearts of all his countrymen—who love and honor the "peculiar institution," and politics may even yet take a turn that will be the means of raising the lumbicid to the gubernatorial chair—For how much longer will, in blundering ignorance, the trampled serfs of monarchy—may look with dread and detestation on a Brooks or a Herbert—they are without doubt, the exponents of a very extensive party in this state very same, tip top civilized United States.

We can consistently stile the aristocracy of the South and West, back to the days of the crusades, for filling counterparts, and even then the venerable shades of Cœur de Lion's Court might justly and indignantly repudiate the comparison. But decidedly there is a resemblance and a sad libel on the march of intellect. There is the same cold-blooded tyranny over what they term, inferior races—the same pride, revengeful passions, and thirst for blood—the same watchword that "might makes right." But here all resemblance ceases; the crusaders were gentlemen, but these modern Knights-errants, though copy—quick in quarrel, and seeking the bubble reputation even in the recital of their own crimes, are not the most accomplished lineament of that obsolete term. Imagine for a moment—how would appear a specimen of these lathum jawed—soapy-locked—tobacco chewing—inverted-shirt—colored Southern senators, cigar in mouth and rawhide in hand, placed side by side with the disheveled gentleman de Bois Gilbert. Faugh! The very idea is profanation.

Fillmore's chances for the presidency are much weakened, by the non-support of the *naïf* farmers. And the pure native Americans—The Digger Indians—being at this season off to the plains in pursuit of Acorns, and grass-hoppers, he will have to put up as best he can, with the half-breeds.

As for Fremont, we have found him out to be an arrant impostor. A detailed secret has just been unfolded from the dusty archives of some Southern State. Yes! There is the damning rank offence in black and white—J. C. Fremont—Lieutenant Fremont—The Colonel—The explorer—The author—The Lord of a hundred thousand barren acres—He would be recipient of the greatest gift in the power of a free people—twenty years ago, was possessed of but five shirts, (budy cotton, breast 50 cent linen) two pair cantonade pants, (supposed to be a borrowed one.) Many of his party have become justly incensed at his temerity, in thus thrusting himself before this great Commonwealth under such false pretences, and we now disclaimed to send him footless back, to find the whereabouts of his hit and coat.

But as I have now almost filled my sheet, forgetting totally all mining news, I will just let the unlighted citizens fight the matter out among themselves like the famous tabbies of Kilkenny—beneath the great banner of the turkey buzzard—and prepare for you by next steamer what I had first intended—a description of the latest discoveries in mining. So for the present you must dispense with better and satisfy yourself—if you please—with this rambling scurrilous epistle.

Yours till death,

PRINGLE SHAW.

Legislative Council Elections.

The following is a list of the gentlemen elected to the Legislative Council in Upper and Lower Canada:—

UPPER CANADA.
Rideau, Hon. P. M. Vankoughnet Ministerial.
Queen's, Mr. Simpson—Opposition.
Burlington, Dr. Smith do.
Trent, Mr. Murray—Independent.
Saugeen, Mr. Patton do.
Western, Col. Prince do.

LOWER CANADA.
Laurentides, Mr. Latourrière—Ministerial.
Salaberry, Mr. Renaud do.
Rougemont, Mr. Desaulles—Opposition.
Wellington, Mr. Houshmit do.
Mille Isle, Mr. Masson do.
Sarnon, Mr. Duchesney—Independent.
Globe.

NORTH HASTINGS.—BENJAMIN RETURN.—We find by the Hastings Chronicle of Wednesday, that Mr. Benjamin was elected by a majority of 640—a very respectable one, truly—our contemporary of the Chronicle thus winds up the article announcing the result of the election:—

A great deal is expected from Mr. Benjamin by his friends, as he has made great promises. On this account he will deserve much credit if he gets through his parliamentary career without creating much disappointment. The "Fram Road," (Grand Junction,) and the Trent and Presque Isle Canals, are among some of the grand enterprises by which the Warden and Member for North Hastings is to become famous, and, overhauling popular. We bid him success, and hope, since he has become the choice of

the people, that he will prove himself deserving of their confidence. In the discharge of our duties we shall endeavor to render him the most impartial justice, as it regards his future conduct—credit where the same is merited, and censure where it is deserved.

By Telegraph.

Arrival of the Canadian.

QUEBEC, Oct. 3, 1856.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET.
Little change in prices: Upper Canadian wheat quoted at 9s 6d to 10s 6d; Lower Canadian, 8s to 9s; American white, 10s a 10s 9d; red, 8s a 9s 6d; Indian Corn, (white), 3s; a 3s 6d; yellow, 3s a 3s 5s. Western Canadian, 3s 3d; a 3s 4d; Canadian and Western, 3s 1d; extra, 3s 3d a 3s 4d.

ENGLAND.

About 2,000 of the British Legion had volunteered to go to that Cape.
Sir Charles Napier has been pre-empted with a piece of plate by eight hundred inhabitants of Portsmouth.
While the Rev. Mr. Spurgin was lecturing in the Music Hall, Surrey Gardens, London, to a large audience, a cry of fire was raised. The people rushed to the doors, and several were trampled dead.

Lord Palmerston is reported to be preparing a new Reform Bill to cut out Lord John Russell's popular measure.
Diplomatic intercourse is suspended by France and England—but no act of hostility has taken place. The Count of Naples has faithfully rejected the advice of England and France.

It is rumored that the Austrians had commenced, on the summons of France to evacuate the Principality, and that the Boundary Commission settle the frontier line between Russia and Moldavia, had dissolved without accomplishing the object, but both rumors are disbelieved.
From Spain the intelligence is, that the acquiescence has been removed from Queen Christina's property.

The Cologne Gazette says, all the Powers excepting the United States have assented, or will assent to the original protocol of May 9th of the present year, respecting the Danish Sound Dues.

A ministerial crisis and increasing financial difficulties exist at Constantinople.
Austrian influence is on the increase in Turkish Councils. The sending of troops against Montenegro is discontinued.

The ministerial crisis in Denmark has resulted in the installation of the old ministry. The French Commercial crisis presents slightly a more favorable aspect, but anxiety is still manifested.
Persia solicits the mediation of France in the difficulty with Great Britain.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto Nov. 6, 1856.

Wheat.—The supply to-day was small—being about 4,000 bushels. The average price to-day was 6s 8d. At this figure, buyers were firm. In the morning one or two loads brought 6s 10d.

Flour.—We quote flour in demand at \$5 to \$6.25 for Superfine; \$5.50 for Fancy \$6.75 for Extra.

Barley is required for at 5s. per bushel.
Oats have become very scarce. Some holders now demand as high as 2s. 6d. to 2s. 8d. per bushel wholesale.

Butter is 3d. to 1s. 5d. per lb.
Hay is in good demand at \$13 to \$21 per ton, according to quality.

NEWMARKET MARKETS.

Nov. 7, 1856.

Our market is not so brisk as last week, although large quantities of Wheat keeps coming in. The prices yesterday for best samples ranged from 6s 1d to 6s 3d.
Flour, \$5 to \$6, according to quality.
Barley 4s 6d to 4s 9d per bushel.
Peas—none offering.
Oats 2s 6d to 3s according to quality.
Butter 1s for tub; 1s 2d for roll.
Cheese 7 1/2 a 9d.
Canned, \$2 for green, \$2 1/2 for dry.
Turnips 7 1/2 a 1s—according to kind.

Marrick.

By the Rev. J. W. McCullagh, Wesleyan Minister, on the 30th. October, at the residence of the Bride Father, Mr. William Henry McDonald, Conductor O. S. & H. R. L., to Miss Harriet Evelyn second daughter of William Kennedy, Esq., Aurora C. W.

At the residence of Mr. Robinson, Newmarket, by the Rev. Mr. McCullagh, on the 27th ult., Mr. James Barr to Miss Mary, eldest daughter of John Dillan, Esq., both of Tecumseth.

Special Notice.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—The applicability of these extraordinary medicaments to the disorders of all climates, renders them indispensable to all who journey by sea or land. Scarcely the most treacherous scourge of seafaring men, is eradicated by the use of the Ointment; while the Pills, by their alterative and conservative operation upon the stomach, the rectrices and the bowels, soon relieve the worst cases of bilious fever, diarrhoea and stomach complaint. Taken as a preventive, they fortify the system against disorders consequent upon changes of temperature, and deprive the process of acclimation of its principal danger. Emigrants to the Far West had better go there unprovided with implements of labor, than without these unequalled curatives.

THE PILL TRADE.—Who could dream of the magnitude such an undertaking as the manufacture of a Purgative Pill assumes when it comes into general use. And how painfully do the following numbers speak of the amount of human sickness and suffering, that little morsel of a remedy goes forth to combat and subdue. Dr. J. C. Ayer of Lowell, manufactures in his laboratory forty gross per diem of his Cathartic Pills, through all the year. This is eight boxes a minute or one dose a second. We thus find over 43,000 persons swallow this pill every day

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. MOORE, SURGEON AND MECHANICAL DENTIST.

HAS pleasure in announcing to the inhabitants of the market, Aurora, Sharon, Holland Land, and the surrounding country, that he has commenced practice at his Rooms, NEWITT'S HOTEL, NEWMARKET, and will soon complete arrangements to visit the above named places periodically.

Tooth Inserted on Gold and Silver Plate, or Pivot—(BOTH EXTRACTED)

And all operations in Surgical and Mechanical Dentistry performed by Mr. Moore will be executed in the most careful and workmanlike manner, and according to the latest and most approved style of the science.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Patrons preferring it, will be visited on at their residences.

TERMS EASY AND MODERATE.

Office Hours from 8 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Newmarket, Nov. 30, 1856. (14-40)

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.

WANTED, for School Section No. 2, North Guilford, either a 1st or 2nd Class Teacher, to apply to the undersigned Trustees.

JOHN MORTON,
FRIEND MORTON,
RICHARD SHEPPARD.

North Guilford, Nov. 5th, 1856. (14-40)

Extensive Sale of Real Estate, FARMING STOCK, IMPLEMENTS, &c.

By Auction.

THE undersigned are instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 12th, 1856.

That valuable FARM situated on the 2th Concession of King, being Lot No. 27, comprising 200 Acres, and will be put up in

Two Lots of 100 Acres Each.

Belonging to the Estate of the Late THOS. FAY-HORN. There are about 80 Acres cleared on the East Half and 40 on the West Half. On the East Half there is a good Plank House, Frame Barn, and other out-buildings. This Farm is within 2 miles of Lloydstown and Brownsville.

Also,

The following Farm, Implements &c., viz:

1 Mare (in foal), 3 Mares, one 4, one 6, the other 10 years old.

1 Span of Cattle, 1 year old, 1 yearling Colt, 1 yearling Colt, 6 Cows (in Calf).

1 York of Steers 2 years old, 1 Bull 2 years old, 1 yearling Heifer, 3 Spring Calves, 8 Ewes, 11 Lambs, 1 Brood Sow,

1 Boar, 6 months old, 1 Buggy, 1 Cutter, 1 Fanning Mill, 1 Cutting Box,

1 set of Double Harness, 1 set Single Harness, 2 Ploughs, 3 Sugar Kettles, 1 Copper Kettle, 1 Chest of Carpenter's Tools,

And a number of other articles not enumerated.

TERMS—On the Real Estate, \$500 cash, on each lot, and the balance to be paid in yearly instalments of \$250, with interest, and to be secured by mortgage on the premises; for Stock, &c., on all items over \$25, a credit of 12 months, given, by furnishing approved notes.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a.m. precisely.

By order of Executors.

ASHTON & MACHELL,

King, Oct. 30, 1856. (1439) Auctioneers.

Real Estate by Auction.

THE undersigned are instructed to sell by public AUCTION,

On Monday, December 1st, 1856

That valuable Farm situated on the 21 Con. of Whitechurch, being part of Lot No. 18, South Half, consisting of

100 ACRES,

About 60 of which are cleared, the property of Mr. Wm. GRIFFIN.

TERMS—\$200 cash, at time of sale, and the balance in instalments to be made known in Hand-bills, which will be issued Ten Days previous to time of sale.

ASHTON & MACHELL,

Whitechurch, Oct. 30, 1856. (1439) Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

TO be sold by public Auction, by order of the proprietor,

On Monday, December 1st, 1856.

That valuable Farm situated in the 5th Con. of the Township of King, being composed of the West

50 Acres,

About 50 of which are cleared, the property of MR. AARON PLYATER.

There is a large Frame Barn already erected on the premises, and about 10 Acres sown with Fall Wheat.

The above Farm will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE, on the above day, in the Village of Aurora, at 10 o'clock a.m., and the balance in three equal annual instalments, with interest.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock p.m.

Full particulars will be given in Hand-bills.

ASHTON & MACHELL,

King, Oct. 30, 1856. (1439) Auctioneers.

[Order to copy for 2 weeks, and send account to Auctioneers, Aurora.]

Bricks! Bricks!

200,000 BRICKS of excellent quality, for sale by

D. SUTHERLAND.

Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1856. (1439)

T. T.

Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1856. (1439)

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber in returning thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto received would respectfully announce to the public that he has removed to his

New Premises on Main Street,

Where will be found a large and complete stock of

TEAS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY,

WINE, LIQUORS, &c.,

To which he invites attention. The present has recently been purchased, and embraces the best descriptions in market.

J. MORRIS.

Newmarket, Oct. 30, 1856. (1439)

Clergy Reserve Fund.

PUBLIC MEETING.

A PUBLIC meeting of the Inhabitants of the Township of East Guilford, will be held in the TOWN HALL, SHARON,

On Saturday, November 9th, 1856.

To take into consideration the best mode of applying the amount received by this Township, as its properties of the Clergy Reserve Fund—being the sum of \$2900 Gs. 10d.

Chair to be taken at 2 o'clock p.m.

By Order,

H. D. STILES, Recr.

JOHN T. STOKES, Township Clerk.

East Guilford, Oct. 30, 1856. 2w39

CROCKERY.

CORNER OF MILL & MAIN STREETS, NEWMARKET.

SAMUEL ROADHOUSE respectfully thanks his friends and customers, for the liberal support he has received since commencing business, and hopes, from the quality of his work and attention to his customers, to be favored with a continuance of the same. A variety of

Sofas, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Bedroom Tables, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c.,

Always on hand. Orders for all kinds of CABINET WORK, punctually attended to.

FUNERALS FURNISHED.

COFFINS, all sizes, kept constantly on hand. A good variety of Lace, Flax, and Handkerchiefs for sale.

Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1856. (1439)

A Public Invitation to All Who Want to Purchase.

CHEAP DRY GOODS,

AND MILLINERY FROM

THOMAS HOSKINS,

Waterloo House, 53, Yonge St., Toronto.

Three Doors North of Thos. Brown & Co.'s Cheap Grocery Store.

This is a Fact and not a Puff!

T. H. has just RE-OPENED his well-known Cheap Establishment, lately destroyed by fire, with a splendid New Stock of Dry Goods and Millinery, consisting of

Fall and Winter Goods.

T. H. has paid very particular attention to the selection of his New Stock, in order to compete with any other House in the Trade! Therefore he would invite all intending purchasers to call and see his cheap Prints, Colours, French Merinos, Gals, Plaids, Irish Tatters, Wool and Paisley Shawls, Blankets, Flannels, Tickings, White and Gray Cotton, Polka Jackets, Towelling, Table Covers, Hoisery, Gloves, Horse Blankets, Railway Wrappers, Gent's Plaids, &c., &c.

All the above mentioned Goods will be found with a general assortment of other articles in the trade.

A quantity of Damaged Blankets and Prints will be offered at very low prices.

Remember the address.

THOMAS HOSKINS,

Waterloo House, No. 53, Yonge Street,

Toronto, Oct. 30, 1856. (1439)

CAUTION.

THE public are hereby cautioned against receiving a note of hand drawn in favor of John Havelwood, as payment will be contested.

JOSEPH BOVAIR.

King, Oct. 30, 1856. (1439)

BUFFALO SKINS!

FROM the North-West and Hudson Bay Co. For Caps, Gaudlets, Buck Gloves and Mitts, and SHOE LACKS.

AT BOGART'S STORE.

Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1856. (1439)

PENTITENTARY

Boot and Shoe Establishment,

51 Yonge Street, 4 doors above King Street

TORONTO.

JAMES B. CARRUTHER,

DEALER in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, Wholesale and Retail, at Low Prices. Country purchasers would find it their advantage to call on this establishment, as call before selecting elsewhere.

Toronto, Oct. 23, 1856. (1439)

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THAT desirable property within Ten Minutes walk of the Newmarket Station, containing

75 ACRES,

Being part of the Estate of the late Colonel HILL, commonly known as

ROSEBANK FARM.

For particulars apply to

T. G. HURD,

Land Agent, Toronto.

Oct. 23, 1856. (1439)

Winter Clothing.

NOW is the time for Winter Clothing—Ready Made, or made to order, and Guaranteed a good fit, at

BOGART'S

Tailoring Establishment.

(1439)

CASH FOR WHEAT.

WANTED, by the subscriber, at AURORA R. STATION,

50,000 Bushels good clean Fall Wheat, and 30,000 do do Spring Wheat,

At Current Rates.

CHARLES DOAN.

Aurora, Oct. 2nd, 1856. 2w35

SHINGLES!

100,000 SHINGLES,

For Sale at

BOGART'S Store.

Newmarket, Oct. 9, 1856. (1439)

Temperance Saloon.

IN returning thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto bestowed, the undersigned begs respectfully to inform that his premises are now thoroughly fitted up as a

Saloon and Eating House,

Where the public can be accommodated at all hours on the shortest notice.

LOBSTERS, SARDINES, MACKEREL, SALMON, &c.

Always on hand, Glider Pop, Lemonade, and other Temperance Drinks. No charge for inspection. The public are invited to give him a call.

A. M. HALL.

Newmarket, Oct. 30, 1856. (1439)

FRESH IMPORTATIONS.

M. W. BOGART.

HAS just received, direct from the Manufacturer in LEEDS, ENGLAND, GLASS-GLASS and Liverpool, a very large lot of

DRY GOODS,

Adapted for the Fall and Winter Trade, which, by passing through no second hands, will be sold at unusually LOW PRICES.

Hardware!

A complete Stock of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Just Received from Montreal and New York Markets.

Bar, Rod, and Hoop Iron,

A Good Stock, Spring and Cast Steel of different sizes; also, a large lot of

CROCKERY,

And more of the No. 1 AMERICAN SALES.

Fresh Salt and Water Lime,

Constantly on hand.

Newmarket, Oct. 23, 1856. (1439)

MISS MAGUIRE,

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity that she purpose showing on and after SATURDAY, the 25th inst., a large assortment of

CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, SILK & SATIN,

AND

Velvet Bonnets.

Also a variety of CHILDREN'S BONNETS, CAPS, HATS, CLOAKS, &c., when she hopes to have the honor of their patronage.

Newmarket, Oct. 23, 1856. (1439)

Store to be Let,

NEAR the Railway Station, Newmarket, a Rare Chance. For particulars, apply to

N. HAWKS.

Newmarket, Oct. 23, 1856. (1439)

FALL ARRANGEMENTS.

Ontario, Simcoe and Huron RAILROAD.

On and after WEDNESDAY, October 13, 1856, trains will run as follows:

LEAVE TORONTO.

Mail Train at 7:45 A.M., arrives at Collingwood at 12:30 P.M.

Accommodation Train at 4:00 P.M., arrives at Collingwood at 8:25 P.M.

LEAVE COLLINGWOOD.

Accommodation Train at 6:40 A.M., arrives at Toronto at 10:55 A.M.

Mail Train at 3 P.M., arrives at Toronto at 7:35 P.M.

Mail Train north will connect with Lake Simcoe Boat only on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. Returning, Boat will connect with Mail Train for Toronto on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

J. L. GRANT, Superintendent.

Toronto, Oct. 13, 1856. (1439)

NEWMARKET

Marble Works!

"On the Engraved Stone,"

The victims of the dead speak to the living."

THE subscribers having recently contracted Co-Partnership in the above line of business, are prepared, at their Establishment on

MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET,

To furnish to order, all kinds of

Monumental Work,

Including Monuments, Obelisks, Tomb-Tables, Tablets, Centres-Pieces, Headstones, &c., &c., all of which, for quality and style of Workmanship, they flatter themselves, from long experience in the business cannot be surpassed by any other establishment in Canada.

BARBER & HART.

Newmarket, Oct. 15, 1856. (1439)

New Tea and Coffee

WAREHOUSE,

Opposite the North American Hotel,

512 WYNDHAM ST.

WHERE will be found a choice and complete Stock of

Groceries, Crockery, Glassware,

Wines, Liquors, &c., &c.

The Subscriber having purchased his Goods in Foreign Markets, is prepared to sell at

Extremely Low Prices.

His Stock consists, in part, of—

Teas, Raisins,

Sugars, Currants, Tobacco,

Coffers, Cigars,

Sauces and Pickles of all kinds, bottled ready for use; Sausages, Hair, Sperm, and Lamp Oils;

Molasses and Syrups,

Vinegar, Herrings (Dried and Pickled), Cheese—English and American, Cod-Fish,

Hams and Bacon.

Soap, Candles, Sardines, Mustard, Nuts of all kinds, Spices of all kinds, Brooms, Pails, &c., &c.

Edinburgh Ale, London Porter, Champagne,

All of the very best Wines, Brandy, Gin, Rum, Canadian and Scotch Whisky, draught Porter, &c., and in fact all kinds of

FAMILY GROCERIES.

Which will be sold at the Lowest possible market prices. The public are respectfully invited to make an inspection before selecting elsewhere, as Great Bargains may be expected.

All kinds of FARM PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

M. S. CORRYELL.

Newmarket, Oct. 15, 1856. (1439)

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

E. HUGHES,

PROSPECT ST. Newmarket, respectfully invites his friends and the public generally, to an inspection of his present newly selected Stock of Goods, which in

He feels confident, will give good satisfaction.

"N. B.—The Highest Price always paid for Butter and Produce.

Remember the Store is on Prospect Street, Garbutt Hill.

Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1856. (1439)

WANTED,

IMMEDIATELY, Two Journeymen Carpenters, to whom the Highest Wages will be given. None need apply but good Workmen.

JOHN RANKIN.

Aurora, Aug. 14, 1856. (1439) Builder.

PANTECHNETHECA.

CIRCULAR.

THE subscriber begs to inform the Citizens of Toronto and Public generally, that he has formed a Co-Partnership with Mr. J. B. KYNDER, in the Dry Goods, Clothing, and General Business, and has no doubt, from Mr. Charlesworth's acquaintance with the Canadian Trade, and his own experience and connection in Great Britain, he will be enabled to offer inducements hitherto unknown in Canada.

J. B. KYNDER.

PANTECHNETHECA.

CIRCULAR.

HEALTH OR SICKNESS!

CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.

DR. HOLLOWAY'S KIDNEY PILLS.



DR. HOLLOWAY'S KIDNEY PILLS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS!

The blood furnishes the material of every organ, muscle, gland and fibre in the human frame. When it is impure, the health of every organ, when corrupt, it necessarily produces disease. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS operate directly upon the elements of the blood, of life, neutralizing the principles of disease, and thus radically curing the malady, whether located in the nerves, the stomach, the liver, the bowels, the muscles, the skin, the brain, or any part of the system.

USED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are equally efficacious in complaints common to the whole human race, and in disorders peculiar to certain climates and localities.

Alarming Disorders.
Dyspepsia, and derangement of the liver, the source of all the blood, are the most alarming of the disorders which may be cured by the use of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

numerable diseases, yielding the same of
the most powerful and reliable cures, in all
cases, however aggravated, acting as a mild pur-
gative, alterative and tonic; they relieve the bowels,
purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and its
constitution at the same time.

General Weakness-Nervous Complaints.
When all stimulants fail, the remarkable and heal-
ing properties of these Pills give firmness to the
shaking nerves and enfeebled muscles of the victim
of general debility.

DELICATE FEMALES.
All irregularities and ailments connected to the deli-
cate and sensitive organs of the sex are relieved
or prevented by a few doses of these mild, but in-
fallible alteratives. No mother who regards her own
or her children's health should fail to have them
within her reach.

SCIENTIFIC ENDORSEMENTS.

The London "Lancet," the London "Medical Review," and the most eminent of the faculty in Great Britain, France and Germany, have suggested the Pills and their inventor.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Asthma	Diarrhea	Indigestion
Blewer Complaints	Dropsy	Indurac-
Coughs	Eczema	Ischuria
Croup	Fever and Ague	Itching Weak-
Cutaneous Diseases	Furuncles	ness of the
Colic	Gout	Lower Extrem-
Concretions	plains	ities of Spirit-
Dyspepsia	Hemorrhage	ities
Stone and Gravel		Secondary Symptom-
Venereal Affections		ptoms of all kind-

• Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 51, N. 3rd St., N. Y. C.

London and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and throughout the civilized world, in boxes, at 25 cents, 62½ cents per qt each.

U. S. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

 

NEW
PAIN & WINTER GOODSS

THE Subscrier begs to inform the inhabitants of East Gwillimbury, and the public generally,

SHARON,
In the store lately occupied by **Mr W. LOCKHART**
where he has on hand a large and well selected
stock of
Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware
Crockery, Clothing, Bunnets, &c.
India Rubbers, Boots and Shoes, of all descriptions
All of which he has spared no pains in selecting
and has purchased them from the **Cheapest Market**
—and marked them at such prices as cannot fail
to give general satisfaction.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
JOHN W. EDMAND.
Sharon, Nov. 1st, 1855.

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Chartered by Act of Parliament,
Capital 100,000.
 Home Office Toronto,
 President, I. C. GILMORE,
 Vice President, THOS. HAWTHORN,
 Directors,
 GEORGE MITCHELL, W. HENDERSON,
 JAMES BEATTY, RICK LUCK,
 WALTER MACFARLANE, T. P. HOSKINS,
 M. P. HARR,
 ANGUS MORRISON, Solicitor,
 ROBT. STANTON, Sec'y, & Treas'r.
 The Subscriber has been duly appointed Agent
 & Agent for the above Company, and in
 witness whereof, attention to parties desiring of effecting
 Insurance &c.
 THOMAS NIXON,
 Newmarket, Feb. 17, 1854.

NORTHERN RAILROAD STATION
NEWMARKET.

A FEW REMAINING BUILDING LOTS to be Sold adjoining the Railroad Station at Newm. Yet, the property of **GEORGE LEWIS ESQ.**, well adapted for private Residences and Public Business, on good rising ground, and healthy situations.

For particulars apply to **Dr. NASII, Newmarket, Agent.**

Newmarket, August 25, 1853.

ESTATE OF THE LATE
Robert Kirkpatrick.

THE Undersigned, duly appointed by law, to administer the Estate of his late husband, do hereby give notice, that he has received, and that all parties indebted to the said Estate, have payment without delay; and all parties, having claims, to send in the same for settlement.

(Signed) **MARY KIRKPATRICK,** Administratrix.

Newmarket, March 24, 1855.

THE Stock in Trade selling off at *prime Cost*, at

HOTEL DE L'EUROPE,
No. 36, Front Street, Toronto,
opposite the City Hall.

Kept by DAVID KLEIN

STABLES and Sheds to accommodate *passing Travellers* at reasonable *prices*. *Stables* are *attached* to the house. *This place* is *preferably* frequented *by* *the* *travellers*.

THE NEW ERA
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING,
ERASTUS JACKSON,
At his Office, corner of Mill and Main Streets,
NEWMARKET.
TERMS—75. 00. per year in Advance